SMART Gas Detector

DA - 50





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Introduction

DA-50 detects various combustible & toxic gases leaked from industrial areas for gas producers, gas users, gas reservoirs, gas by-producers, and so on, in order to prevent any accidents in advance.

DA-50 converts digital signal into the 4-20mA standard current signal for output signal which can be transmitted to various external devices such as PLC, DDC, RECODER, and so on. Using these functions, you can easily construct the gas monitoring system more extensive as well as more comprehensive.

DA-50 provides RS-485 communication signal and gas leakage alarm signal by relay contact output. Besides, DA-50 has DC 4-20mA standard output which realizes max 2500m long distance output signal transmission from sensor to receiver and RS-485 communication signal which realizes max 1000m long distance signal transmission.

Features

Digital Process

Digital process based on built-in micro processor realizes various artificial intelligent functions which result in more convenient, more accurate, and more efficient gas detection environment.

Polycarbonate Housing

Polycarbonate housing which has corrosion proof material and water proof structure is the best application to detect corrosive gas.

Self Diagnosis

Digital processor automatically diagnoses the sensor signal and sends 2mA error signal output on the malfunction in the sensor.

LCD Display With Back-Light

LCD offers real-time display of gas density and back light offers easy reading even in dark area.

User Programmable Menu

User programmable calibration density and detection rage offers user's own operating functions.

Multi Signal Output

Various output signals - DC 4-20mA, 2 step-relay contact, & RS-485(option) – provides best networking with all kinds of devices & equipments.

4-20mA Transmitter

4-20mA output enables stable and long distance (maximum 2.5km) signal transmission.

RS-485

RS-485 enables stables and long distance (maximum 1.2km) signal communication.

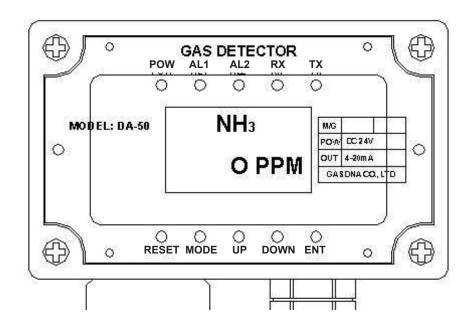


Specification

Segment	DA-50		
Detection Principle	Electro-Chemical or NDIR		
Gas Sampling	Diffusion		
Target Gas	Refer to the list		
Density Indication	LCD Display - PPM, %LEL, %		
Response Time	Within 30 seconds, 90%/Full scale		
Accuracy	≤±2%/Full scale		
Sensor Calibration	Calibration with switch		
Sensor Parallax	Zero - ≤±1%/6 months, Span - ≤±1%/6 months		
User Programmable	Calibration Density, Detection Range		
Input Power	DC 20~30V		
Output Power	4~20mA/Full scale - Maximum 2.5km long signal transmission		
Communication	RS-485 - Maximum 1.2km long signal transmission with GasDNA's own protocol		
Operation Temperature and Humidity	-20~50℃, 5~95% RH (non-condensing)		
Signal Wire	CVVS &CVVSB 1.25sq x 3 wires - shield Type		
Alarm Release	Manual or Automatic		
Mounting	Wall or pipe mounting		
Housing	Polycarbonate		
Alarm Output	2 step - realay conacts (AL1/AL2)		



Operation Keys



Keys	Description
RESET	Release the alarm relay. - When AL1 or AL2 relay operates, you can release it (In manual mode) (ex) If you set manual mode in AL-RESET menu, (1) When the measured value is lower than AL1 value, AL1 relay off. (2) When the measured value is higher than AL1 value, AL1 relay on.
MODE	Enter into setting mode from measuring mode.In setting menu, move to other setting menus.
UP	Increase the setting value - When you keep touching it more than 5 seconds, the setting value increase very fast.
DOWN	Decrease the setting value - When you keep touching it more than 5 seconds, the setting value decrease very fast.
ENT	Restore the set value
POW	Power On
AL1	AL1 Operates
AL2	AL2 Operates
RX	RS-485 receives signal
TX	RS-485 sends signal



Sensor Calibration

Gas sensor's property is subject to change while it is being used. This is common to all sensors. You have to calibrate the sensor periodically to keep the optimum condition of sensor.

DA-50 has automatic calibration function by micro processor.

1. Zero Calibration

Please follow below process to zero-calibrate sensor output.

- ① Please keep touching the MODE key more than 2 seconds through glass window and enter into setting mode.
- ② Then, LCD shows "CAL-[ZERO]". Please touch ENT key.
- ③ Then, LCD shows "ZERO GAS". Please infuse the standard gas.
- 4 When the measured value gets stable, please touch ENT key.
- ⑤ Then, if zero calibration is successful, LCD shows "[OK]".

▲ Caution: For zero calibration, you should have clean status without any gases.

If you cannot have clean status, please use nitrogen gas for zero calibration.

2. Span Calibration

Please follow below process using standard gas to calibrate the linear change of sensor output.

- ① Please assemble calibration nipple on sensor cap.
- ② Then, please touch MODE key more than 2 seconds after disassembling main cover. It leads you to setting mode.
- ③ Then, please move to "CAL [SPAN]" menu and touch ENT key.
- 4 Then, LCD shows "SPAN-ADJ". Please input desired calibration gas density values touching UP & DOWN keys. When you finish it, please touch ENT key. (gas density set finished)
- ⑤ Then, LCD shows "SPAN-GAS". Then, please infuse the calibration standard gas. While you infuse the gas, LCD values approaches the values of gas density. When the LCD shows stable gas values, please touch ENT key. (span calibration finished).
- ⑥ Then, please stop infusing the gas and dissemble the calibration nipple while LCD values gets less and shows "Holding PPM" finally.
- ⑦ After 3 minutes when an LCD value gets less than 9 PPM, it automatically enters into measuring mode. (Or when LCD value gets less than 9 PPM, you can touch RESET key to enter into measuring mode)



▲ Caution: Span calibration gas should be ranged from 5ppm to 90ppm. Sensor calibration is not possible with high density gas. High density gas puts excessive burden to the sensor and it damages the sensor or reduces the sensor life time extremely.

▲ Caution: For calibration after sensor replacement, please wait 10 minutes from power on.

Sensor Reaplacement

DA-50 has sensor cap & sensor filter in order to protect sensor. This sensor cap composes of two modules for easy disassembly. Please follow below steps for sensor replacement.

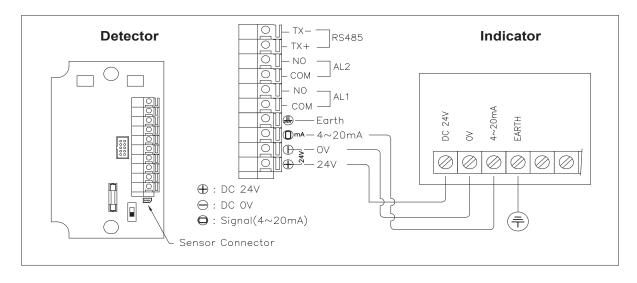
- 1) Please make sure of power off to DA-50.
- 2 Please open the cover of DA-50.
- ③ Please unscrew the two bolts fixing the display board and disassemble the display board.
- 4 Please disassemble the 3 wire connector which connects the sensor and sensor board.
- ⑤ Please rotate the sensor cap counterclockwise and detach the sensor cap.
- 6 Please rotate new sensor cap clockwise and fix it.
- 7) Please connect the 3 wire connector between sensor and sensor board.
- ® Please fix the display board screwing the two bolts.
- (9) Please fix the four nuts on the cover of DA-50
- 1 Please power on.
- (1) Please do sensor calibration.
- ② After sensor calibration, measuring mode automatically starts.

▲ Caution

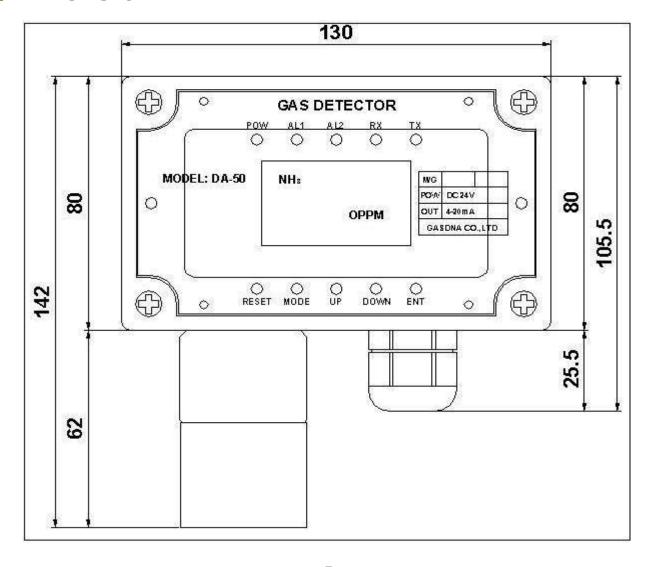
- : Please make sure of power off to DA-50 before sensor replacement or display board disassembly.
- : If the direction of sensor cable connector is different with sensor board connector socket, both can not be assembled.
- : Please fix the sensor cap and main cover tightly to keep water proof structure.



Wiring



Dimension





Installation

1. Place

- 1) Horizontal: Close to the highly suspected place for gas leakage, such as gas valve and connection of gas pipe considering weight and stay of gas.
- 2) Vertical: Considering the specific gravity of target gas (air = 1),
 - ▷ Light gas (specific gravity is less than 1): Please install the sensor 20 30cm from ceiling in closed room. If it is open area, please install the sensor high and closest as possible to the suspected point for gas leakage.
 - >Weight gas (specific gravity is more than 1): Please install the sensor 20 − 30cm from the floor. If it is open area, please install the sensor low and closest as possible to the suspected point for gas leakage.

2. Cautions

- 1) Please avoid vibrating or physical impacting place. Vibration or physical impact can affect the output value.
- 2) Please avoid the high temperate or humid place. High temperate or humidity can result in malfunction.
- Please avoid electronic noise area which has high frequency or high voltage such as motor, pump, or high voltage power cable.
- 4) Please secure enough space for convenient maintenance. As DA-50 needs periodical maintenance and calibration, you have to avoid inconvenient place for these jobs. Otherwise, we recommend suction type detector.

5) Cable

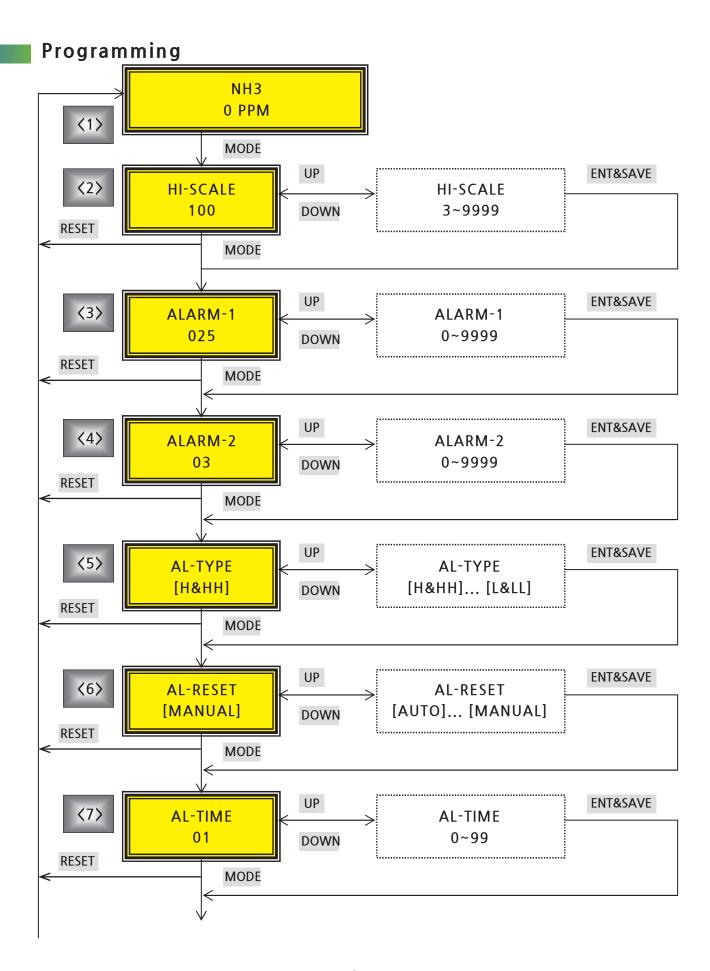
We recommend shield type cable to prevent external noise and cable duct, conduit pipe, or flexible to prevent external impact. Also, please avoid the junctions between cables. Otherwise, we recommend junction box.

- Cable specification and transmission distance

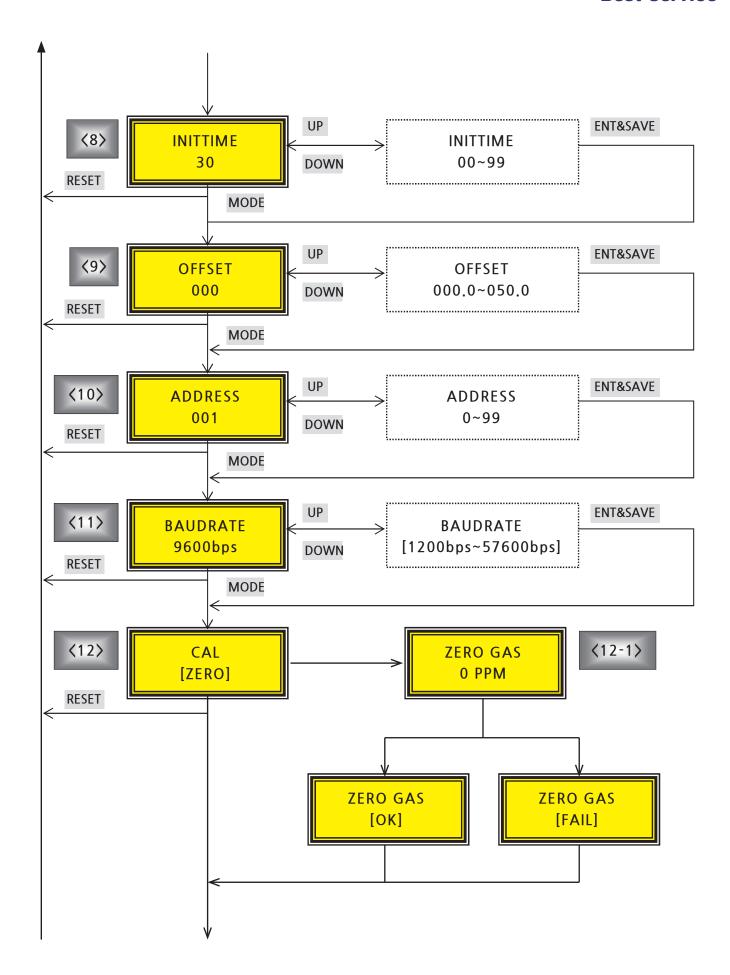
Transmission distance	0 ~ 500m	501 ~ 1,500m	Over 1,500m
Cable specification	0.75sq	1.25sq	2.0sq

In case of pressure-proof built-in cable package, please choose the cable with proper outer diameter fit in inner size of package and tighten the cable gland sufficiently in order to prevent any inflow of gas or flame.

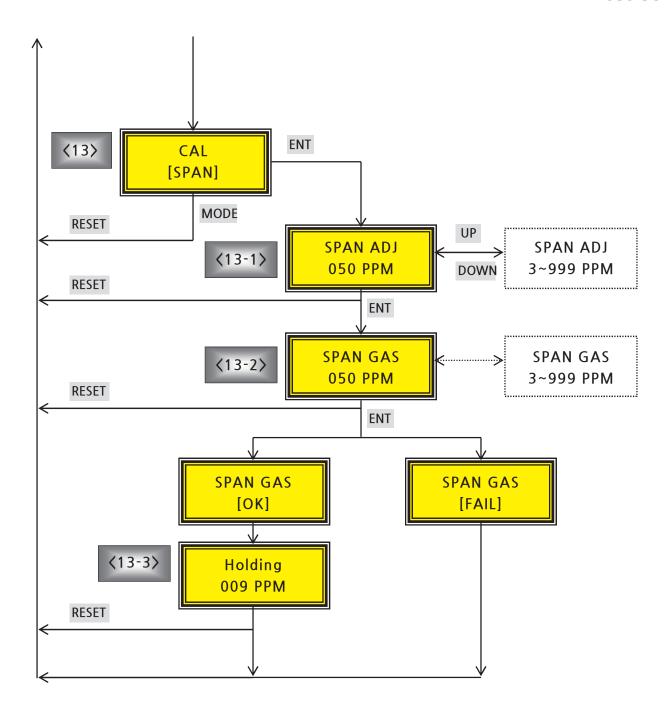












<1> Measuring mode

- LCD shows the gas density.
- If you touch MODE key during 2 seconds, you can enter into setting mode.

<2> HI-SCALE

- Full scale = 20mA
 - (ex) If you set HI-SCALE = 100,

4mA analogue output displays 0

12mA analogue output displays 50 .

20mA analogue output displays 100.



<3> ALARM-1

- Alarm-1 relay output (You can choose low or high by AL-TYPE setting)

<4> ALARM-2

- Alarm-2 relay output (You can choose low or high by AL-TYPE setting)

<5> AL-TYPE(ALARM-TYPE)

- Four kinds alarm choices: H&HH, H&L, L&H, L&LL
- Alarm relay: ALARM-1 and ALARM-2
- ex) If you choose H&L,
 - → ALARM-1: High alarm (it operates when measured value goes over the set value)
 - → ALARM-2: Low alarm (it operates when measured value goes below set value)

<6> AL-RESET(ALARM RESET)

- Choose Alarm release methods.
- AUTO ←→ MANUAL
 - (1) AUTO: Without touching RESET key, relay releases automatically when the measured value goes out of alarm range.
 - (2) MANUAL: With touching RESET key, relay can be released when the measured value goes out of alarm range.

<7> AL-TIME(ALARM TIME)

- Set time of temporary external impact or noise which affects the sensor's normal operation.

The detector skips the sensor's temporary abnormal operation during this time.

<8> INITTIME(initialization time)

- Set warming up time. Stable signal output is available after this time from power on.

<9> OFFSET

- Set values to offset the measurement error.
- ex) If you set OFFSET = -5,
 - → If sensor output = +5, LCD displays 0 after offset by -5.

<10> ADDRESS

Set RS-485 address.

<11> BAUDRATE

- Set RS-485 baud rate.



DA-50 toxic gases

Target Gas	Molecular Formula	Range	Model
Acetaldehyde	CH₃CHO	0~500 ppm	DA-50-CH₃CHO
Ammonia	NH ₃	0~100 ppm	DA-50-NH ₃
Arsine	AsH ₃	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-AsH₃
Arsenic Trichloride	AsCl ₃	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-AsCl ₃
Arsenic Trifluoride	AsF ₃	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-AsF ₃
Arsenic Pentafluoride	AsF ₅	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-AsF ₅
Boron Trichloride	BCl₃	0~15.0 ppm	DA-50-BCl₃
Boron Tribromine	BBr ₃	0~15.0 ppm	DA-50-BBr ₃
Boron Trifluoride	BF ₃	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-BF ₃
Butanethiol	C ₄ H ₉ SH	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-C ₄ H ₉ SH
Carbonyl Fluoride	COF ₂	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-COF ₂
Carbon Dioxide	CO_2	0~5000 ppm	DA-50-LCO ₂
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	0~5.00 %	DA-50-MCO ₂
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	0~100 %	DA-50-HCO ₂
Carbon Monoxide	CO	0~500 ppm	DA-50-CO
Carbon Tetrachloride	CCI ₄	0~30.0 ppm	DA-50-CCI ₄
Chlorine	Cl ₂	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-Cl ₂
Chlorine Dioxide	CLO ₂	0~2.00 ppm	DA-50-CLO ₂
Chlorine Trifluoride	CLF₃	0~2.00 ppm	DA-50-CLF ₃
Diborane	B_2H_6	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-B ₂ H ₆
Dichlorosilane	SiH ₄ Cl ₂	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-SiH ₄ Cl ₂
Disulfur Decafluoride	S_2F_{10}	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-S ₂ F ₁₀
Disulfur Dichloride	S_2CI_2	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-S ₂ Cl ₂
Ethylene oxide (EO)	C_2H_4O	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-EO
Formic Acid	НСООН	0~500 ppm	DA-50-HCOOH
Germane	GeH₄	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-GeH ₄
Germanium Chloride	GeCl ₄	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-GeCl ₄
Hydrazine	N_2H_4	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-N ₂ H ₄
Hydrogen	H ₂	0~2000 ppm	DA-50-H ₂
Hydrogen Bromide	HBr	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-HBr
Hydrogen Chloride	HCI	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-HCI
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	0~100 ppm	DA-50-H ₂ S
lodine ²	I_2	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-l ₂
lsopropanol ²	(CH₃) ₂ CHOH	0~500 ppm	DA-50-(CH ₃) ₂ CHOH
Methanof	CH₃OH	0~500 ppm	DA-50-CH₃OH



DA-50 toxic gases

Nitric Oxide	NO	0~100 ppm	DA-50-NO
Nitrogen Dioxide	No ₂	0~20.0 ppm	DA-50-No ₂
Nitrogen Trifuoride	NF ₃	0~30.0 ppm	DA-50-NF ₃
Oxygen	O_2	0~30 % vol	DA-50-O ₂
Ozone	O ₃	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-O ₃
Phosgene	COCI ₂	0~5.00 ppm	DA-50-COCl ₂
Phosphine	PH ₃	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-PH ₃
Phosphorus Trichloride	PCI ₃	0~15.0 ppm	DA-50-PCI₃
Phosphorous	PCI ₅	0~15.0 ppm	DA-50-PCI ₅
Phosphoryl Chloride	POCI₃	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-POCI₃
Silane	SiH ₄	0~20.0 ppm	DA-50-SiH ₄
Silicon Tetrachloride	SiCI ₄	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-SiCI ₄
Stibin ²	SbH ₃	0~1.00 ppm	DA-50-SbH ₃
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	0~20.0 ppm	DA-50-SO ₂
Sulfuryl Fluoride ²	SO_2F_2	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-SO ₂ F ₂
Sulfur Tetrafluoride	SF ₄	0~9.00 ppm	DA-50-SF ₄
Trichlorosilane	SiHCI₃	0~15.0 ppm	DA-50-SiHCl₃
Thiophene	C ₄ H ₄ S	0~50.0 ppm	DA-50-C ₄ H ₄ S
Tin Tetrabromide	SnBr ₄	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-SnBr ₄
Tin Tetrachloride	SnCI ₄	0~30.0 ppm	DA-50-SnCl ₄
Tin Tetrafluoride	SnF ₄	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-SnF ₄
Titanium Tetrachloride	TiCl ₄	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-TiCl ₄
Trichlorosilane	SiHCl₃	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-SiHCl₃
Trichlortriazine	$C_3Cl_3N_3$	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-C ₃ Cl ₃ N ₃
Trifluorotriazine	$C_3F_3N_3$	0~10.0 ppm	DA-50-C ₃ F ₃ N ₃